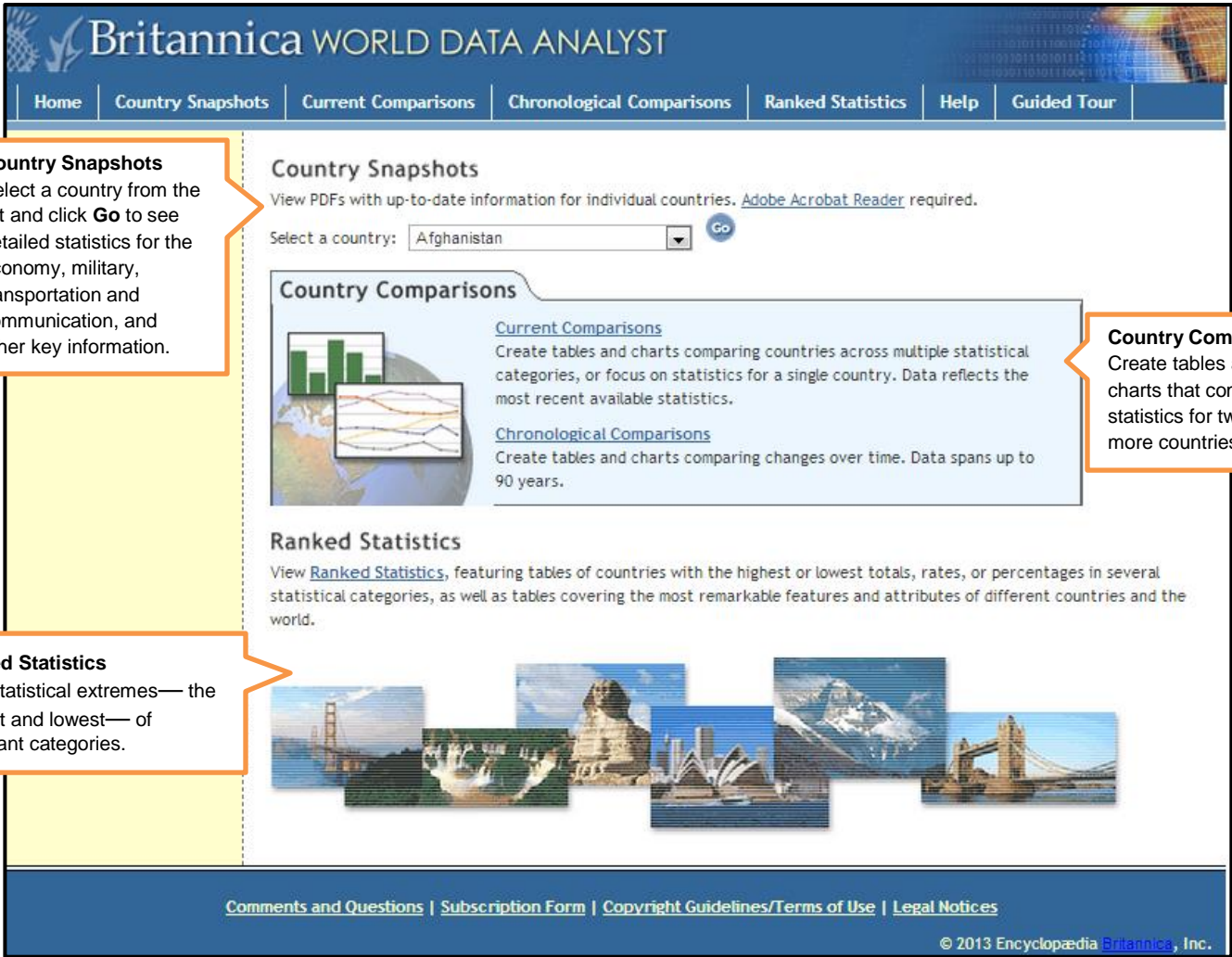


Welcome to *World Data Analyst* from Britannica.
www.world.eb.com

World Data Analyst offers quick and easy comparisons of the countries of the world.

Home Page



Country Snapshots
 Select a country from the list and click **Go** to see detailed statistics for the economy, military, transportation and communication, and other key information.

Country Comparisons
 Create tables and charts that compare key statistics for two or more countries.

Ranked Statistics
 View statistical extremes—the highest and lowest—of important categories.

Country Snapshots
 View PDFs with up-to-date information for individual countries. [Adobe Acrobat Reader](#) required.
 Select a country:

Country Comparisons
Current Comparisons
 Create tables and charts comparing countries across multiple statistical categories, or focus on statistics for a single country. Data reflects the most recent available statistics.
Chronological Comparisons
 Create tables and charts comparing changes over time. Data spans up to 90 years.

Ranked Statistics
 View [Ranked Statistics](#), featuring tables of countries with the highest or lowest totals, rates, or percentages in several statistical categories, as well as tables covering the most remarkable features and attributes of different countries and the world.

[Comments and Questions](#) | [Subscription Form](#) | [Copyright Guidelines/Terms of Use](#) | [Legal Notices](#)
 © 2013 Encyclopædia Britannica, Inc.

Country Snapshots

Afghanistan

Official name: Islamic Republic of Afghanistan (Jomhūri-ye Eslāmī-ye Afghānistān [Dari]; Da Afghanistan Eslami Jamhuriyat (Pashto)).

Form of government: Islamic republic with two legislative bodies (House of Elders [102]; House of the People [249]).

Head of state and government: President.

Capital: Kabul.

Official language(s): Dari; Pashto.

Official religion: Islam.

Monetary unit: afghani (Af);

valuation (Sept. 3, 2012)

1 U.S.\$ = Af 48.33; 1 Af = Af 76.77.



Population (2010–11 estimate)¹

Province	population (2005)	Province	population (2005)	Province	population (2005)
Balochistan	474.8	Jowzjan	494.2	Oruzgan	322.8
Bādakhshān	456.4	Kabul (Kabul)	3,891.4	Paktia	502.8
Bāghlan	823.3	Kandahar	1,103.4	Paktiya	406.5
Balkh	1,194.0	Kapisa	426.2	Parghān ²	141.4
Bāmiyān	411.7	Khossat	528.9	Pawān	618.3
Dāykhunduz	434.1	Konar	414.7	Samarqand	258.3
Fārah	496.3	Konduz	917.9	Sar-e Pol	514.1
Fāyūzābād	915.8	Laghman	410.3	Tachir	301.9
Ghazni	1,130.1	Logar	300.9	Varzad	543.2
Ghor	652.7	Nangarhar	1,383.9	Zabul	276.8
Helmand	650.2	Nimroz	151.1	total	24,465.8
Herat	1,710.1	Nuristan	136.3		

Demography

Area: 753,079 sq mi, 652,864 sq km.

Population (2012): 26,881,000³.

Density (2012): persons per sq mi 106.6, persons per sq km 41.2.

Urban-rural (2011): urban 23.3%; rural 76.5%.

Sex distribution (2010–11): male 51.15%; female 48.85%.

Age breakdown (2010): under 15, 44.2%; 15–29, 27.9%; 30–44, 15.4%; 45–59, 8.4%; 60–74, 3.5%; 75–84, 0.5%; 85 and over, 0.1%.

Population projection: (2020) 32,381,000; (2030) 40,353,000.

Ethnolinguistic composition (2004): Pashtun c. 42%; Tajik c. 27%; Hazara c. 9%; Uzbek c. 9%; Chahar Aimak c. 4%; Turkmen c. 3%; other c. 6%.

Religious affiliation (2009): Sunni Muslim c. 80%; Shi'i Muslim c. 19%.

Major cities (2009): Kabul (2011) 3,097,000; Herat 395,000; Kandahar (Sunday) 363,000; Mazar-e Sharif 333,800; Jalalabad 188,300; Konduz 129,500.

Vital statistics

Birth rate per 1,000 population (2010): 39.8 (world avg. 19.2).

Death rate per 1,000 population (2010): 19.6 (world avg. 8.2).

Total fertility rate (avg. births per childbearing woman; 2010): 5.85.

Life expectancy at birth (2010): male 47.7 years; female 50.2 years.

National economy

Budget (2010–11): Revenue: Af 156,626,000,000 (grants 48.6%, domestic tax revenue 44.1%, domestic nontax revenue 7.3%). Expenditure: Af 231,750,000,000 (capital expenditure 48.3%, current expenditure 51.7%).

Public debt (external, outstanding; 2010): U.S.\$2,076,000,000.

Gross national income (2009): U.S.\$12,853,000,000 (U.S.\$457 per capita).

Structure of gross domestic product and labour force

	2010–11		2000–03	
	in value Af '000,000	% of total value	labour force ⁴	% of labour force ⁴
Agriculture	267,301	27.8	5,181,400	68.8
Mining	4,479	4.6		
Manufacturing	90,943	12.2	302,200	4.8
Public utilities	640	0.1		
Transp. and comm.	145,913	16.5	160,280	2.3
Construction	57,550	7.7	68,600	1.3
Tech, hotel, restaurants	50,679	8.0	509,600	6.8
Finance, real estate	16,259	2.2		
Gov. administration	84,473	11.3		
Services	52,316	7.0	1,126,000	15.1
Other	27,209 ⁵	3.8 ⁶		
total	744,859	100.0	7,647,200	100.0

Production (metric tons except as noted). Agriculture, forestry, fishing (2010–11): wheat 4,521,000, grapes 611,320, rice 481,000, barley 428,000, corn (maize) 285,000, potatoes 246,000, almonds 56,000, apricots (2009) 46,895, berries (2009–10) 32,300, opium poppy (2009) 6,900⁷; livestock (number of live animals) 13,286,000 sheep, 6,789,000 goats, 191,000 camels; roundwood (2010) 3,357,549 cu m, of which fuelwood 48%; fisheries production (2010) 1,000 (from aquaculture, none). Mining and quarrying (2010): salt (rock) 186,100; marble 28,900; chromite 6,000; lapis lazuli c. 9,000 kg. Manufacturing (value added in Af '000,000; 2005–06): food 48,575; chemicals 1,206; cement, bricks, and ceramics 809; textiles, wearing apparel,

and fur 569; base metals 139. Energy production (consumption): electricity (kW-hr; 2010–11) 936,100 (1,467,100,000); coal (metric tons; 2010) c. 43,000 ([2008] 33,000); crude petroleum (barrels; 2009) c. 20,000 (none); petroleum products (metric tons; 2008) none (224,000); natural gas (cu m; 2009) c. 50,000,000 ([2008] 2,700,000).

Household income and expenditure (2003). Average household size 8.0; sources of income: wages and salaries 49%, self-employment 47%; expenditure (2004)⁸: food 60.6%, housing and energy 16.5%, clothing 9.1%.

Population economically active (2008): total 8,728,000⁹; activity rate of total population 32.1%¹² (participation rates: ages 15–64, 60.4%¹²; female 26.5%¹²; unemployed [January 2009] c. 33%).

Price index (2005 = 100)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Consumer price index	100.0	107.3	116.4	151.3	126.3	140.6	168.2

Land use as % of total land area (2009): in temporary crops 5.3%, left fallow 6.6%, in permanent crops 0.2%, in pasture 46.0%, forest area 2.1%.

Selected balance of payments data Receipts from (U.S.\$'000,000): tourism (1998) 1.0; foreign direct investment (2009–11 avg.) 123; official development assistance (2010) 6,374. Disbursements for (U.S.\$'000,000): n.a.

Foreign trade¹³

Balance of trade (current prices)

	2005–06	2006–07	2007–08	2008–09	2009–10	2010–11
U.S.\$'000,000	-2,667	-2,338	-2,557	-2,475	-2,323	-2,268
% of total	73.1%	73.7%	74.8%	64.4%	70.4%	80.0%

Imports (2010–11): U.S.\$5,154,000,000 (petroleum products 19.4%; food 14.0%, of which wheat 4.5%; passenger cars 14.0%; fabricated metals 11.0%).

Major import sources: Uzbekistan 21.1%; China 13.7%; Pakistan 11.8%; Japan 9.6%; Germany 8.2%.

Exports (2010–11): U.S.\$338,500,000 (dried fruits/nuts 27.4%, of which raisins 13.5%, almonds 4.6%, pistachios 3.7%; high-quality carpets 18.0%; fresh fruits 7.2%; licorice roots 5.4%)¹⁴. **Major export destinations:** Pakistan 38.9%; India 16.8%; Turkey 9.0%; Iran 8.2%; Russia 7.7%.

Transport and communications

Transport. Railroads (2006): route length 6.2 mi, 10 km. Roads (2006): total length 26,190 mi, 42,150 km (paved 29%). Vehicles (2010–11): passenger cars 697,573; trucks and buses 259,633. Air transport (2010–11): passenger-km 7,513,000,000; metric ton-km cargo 21,561,000.

Communications

Medium	date	number in '000s	per 1,000 persons	Medium	date	number in '000s	per 1,000 persons
Televisions	2003	312	16	PCs	2006	1.4	4.0
Telephones	2010	17,558 ¹⁵	543 ¹⁶	Cellular	2009	218	1.7 ¹⁷
Cellular	2010	17,558 ¹⁵	543 ¹⁶	Internet users	2010	1,256	40
Landline	2011	13.5	0.4	Broadband	2010	1.5 ¹⁸	— ¹⁹

Education and health

Educational attainment. n.a. **Literacy** (2006): total population age 15 and over literate 28.1%; males 43.1%; females 12.6%.

Education (2010–11)

	teachers	students	student/teacher ratio	enrollment rate (%)
Primary (age 7–12)	118,850	5,779,316	44.4	—
Secondary/hi sch. (age 13–18)	3,340	1,084,157	—	—
Tertiary ²⁰	—	95,185	28.5	3 (age 19–23)

Health (2010): physicians 6,901 (1 per 3,577 persons); hospital beds 12,596 (1 per 1,960 persons); infant mortality rate 126.2.

Military

Total active duty personnel (November 2011): 170,700 (army 97.0%, air force 3.0%)²¹. **Military expenditure as percentage of GDP** (2008): 1.5%²²; per capita expenditure c. U.S.\$779.

¹From promulgation of new constitution on Jan. 26, 2004. ²Thirty-four members are appointed by the president, while the remainder are indirectly elected. ³These seats are reserved for Kuchik, Afghan Pashtun nomads. ⁴Six additional locally official languages per the 2004 constitution are: Uzbek, Turkmen, Hazaragi, Kaliti (Nuristan), Pashai, and Pamiri. ⁵Refers to settled population only and excludes refugees in Pakistan and Iran. ⁶Created in 2004 from part of Paktia. ⁷Created in 2004 from part of Oruzgan. ⁸Excludes Afghan refugees in Pakistan and Iran but includes nomadic population; the first complete national census since 1979 was conducted in Sept.–Oct. 2010. ⁹Based on imports. ¹⁰Represents 95% of world production; in 2009, Afghanistan was also the world's leading producer of cannabis. ¹¹Weights of consumer price index components. ¹²ILO estimate. ¹³Exports f.o.b.; imports c.i.f. ¹⁴Exports of illegal opiates equaled c. U.S.\$2,800,000,000 in 2009. ¹⁵Circulation. ¹⁶Subscribers. ¹⁷2009–10. ¹⁸Foreign troops (November 2011); 48-country NATO-sponsored security and development force 132,000, of which U.S. 90,000, U.K. 9,500, Germany 5,150, Italy 4,410, France 3,932, Poland 2,580, Canada 529. ¹⁹Domestic budget only. ²⁰Internet resource for further information: * Central Statistics Office <http://www.cso.gov.af>

Current Comparisons

Current Comparisons
Compare countries using historical data.

Step 1: Select Countries
Choose the country or countries to be displayed.

Options:

- Italy
- Jamaica
- Japan
- Jersey
- Jordan
- Kazakhstan
- Kenya
- Kiribati
- Kosovo, Republic
- Kuwait

Buttons: Add >, < Delete, Reset

South Africa
Spain

Step 2: Select Statistics
Choose the statistics to be displayed. Note: You cannot select the category titles (Demography, etc.). You can jump to a category by typing a letter (D = Demography, V = Vital Statistics, N = National Economy, F = Foreign Trade, E = Education and Health, T = Transportation and Communication, M = Military).

Options:

- kind-specialized- (%)
- kind-medical centres- (%)
- Health Services-population with access to safe water- (%)
- total health expenditures-GNI per capita-(U.S.S)
- literacy-total- (%)
- literacy-male- (%)
- literacy-female- (%)
- Education-public expenditure on education-(percent of GNP)
- Education-Higher-schools
- Education-Higher-teachers

Buttons: Add >, < Delete, Reset

literacy-total- (%)

Step 3: Select the Display Format
Choose to create a table or chart.

Buttons: Create a Table >, Create a Chart >

Choose **Current Comparisons** for the most recent figures and **Chronological Comparisons** for historical figures.

Select Countries.
Choose the country or countries from the list and click **Add**. You can include up to 10 countries.

Select Statistics.
Choose a category and click **Add**. You can include up to 15 statistical categories.

Select the Display Format.
Create a table or chart.

Export the Data.
Move the data to a spreadsheet for data crunching and deeper analysis.

Share the Data.
Print or e-mail the chart or table.

Read the Country's Encyclopedia Article.
Click on the flag to view that country's article in *Britannica Concise Encyclopedia*.

Current Comparisons

Switch the rows and columns of this table.
Print this page.
E-mail this page.
Close this window.

Export the numeric data to a spreadsheet.

	literacy-total- (%)	Year
Japan	100 (1)	—
South Africa	87	2007
Spain	97	2003

1) Virtually.
... not available
— none, negligible, or no

Click on a country to view the corresponding [Britannica Concise Encyclopedia](#) article.

© 2013 Encyclopaedia Britannica, Inc.

Chronological Comparisons

military protection-expenditure-% of GDP or GNI

Switch the rows and columns of this table.
Print this page.
E-mail this page.
Close this window.

Year(s)	Finland	Sweden
1966	1.7	4
1970	1.5	3.6
1975	1.5	3.3
1980	1.6	3.1
1985	1.7	3
1990	1.6	2.6
1991	2.1	2.7
1992	2.2	2.5
1993	2.1	2.8
1994	2.1	2.6
1995	1.9	2.6
1996	1.8	1.7
1997	1.6	2.3
1998	1.5	2.3
1999	1.4	2.3
2000	1	...
2001
2002
2003	...	1

Chronological Comparisons

Ranked Statistics

Ranked Statistics

Ranked Statistics compile information for all countries and allow you to view the countries with the highest or lowest rates, totals, or percentages for selected statistical categories.

Highest Rankings
View the regions or countries with the greatest total, percentage, or rate for the statistic you select.

Highest Rankings

Step 1: Select a Number
Choose the number of countries to rank.
Highest 10

Step 2: Select a Region
Choose the geographical region to be included.
The World

Step 3: Select a Statistic
Choose a statistic to be displayed. Note: You cannot select the category titles (Demography, etc.).
Demography

[Create a Table >](#)

Lowest Rankings
View the regions or countries with the smallest total, percentage, or rate for the statistic you select.

Lowest Rankings

Step 1: Select a Number
Choose the number of countries to rank.
Lowest 10

Step 2: Select a Statistic
Choose a statistic to be displayed. Note: You cannot select the category titles (Demography, etc.).
Demography

[Create a Table >](#)

Special Attributes
See some of the most impressive natural and man-made features, events, and institutions of the world.

Special Attributes

Select a category of major natural or man-made features:
Largest Islands of the world

Ranked Statistics

Largest islands of the world

[Print this page.](#)
[Close this window.](#)

Name	Location	Area (sq mi) (1)	Area (sq km) (1)
Greenland	North Atlantic Ocean	822,700	2,130,800
New Guinea	Papua New Guinea-Indonesia	309,000	800,000
Borneo	Indonesia-Malaysia-Brunei	231,400	734,000
Madagascar	Indian Ocean	226,658	587,041
Baffin Island	Northwest Territories, Canada	195,928	507,451
Sumatra	Indonesia	167,600	434,000
Honshu	Japan	87,805	227,414
Victoria Island	Northwest Territories, Canada	81,897	217,291
Great Britain	United Kingdom	81,698	216,777
Ellesmere Island	Northwest Territories, Canada	75,767	196,236
Celebes	Indonesia	69,100	179,000
South Island	New Zealand	58,676	151,971
Java	Indonesia	49,000	126,900
North Island	New Zealand	44,204	114,489
Newfoundland	Canada	42,031	108,860
Cuba	Caribbean Sea	40,519	104,945
Luzon	Philippines	40,420	104,688
Iceland	North Atlantic Ocean	39,699	102,819
Mindanao	Philippines	36,537	94,630
Ireland	Ireland, United Kingdom	31,539	84,406